

Features:

- ♦ Support multi protocol from 9.95Gb/s to 11.3Gb/s
- ♦ Hot pluggable 30 pin connector
- ♦ Compliant with XFP MSA
- ♦ Transmission distance of 300m over multi

- mode fiber
- ♦ 850nm Vcsel laser transmitter.
- ♦ Duplex LC connector
- ♦ XFI electrical interface with AC coupling
- ♦ Single power supply voltages: +3.3V
- ♦ Temperature range 0°C to 70°C
- ♦ Power dissipation: < 1.5W
- ♦ RoHS Compliant

Applications:

- ♦ 10GBASE-SR/SW Ethernet
- ♦ 1200-Mx-SN-I 10G Fibre Channel
- ♦ SONET OC-192/SDH STM-64
- ♦ Other optical links

Description:

K w e i f i b e r ' K W 8903 Small Form Factor 10Gb/s (XFP) transceivers are compliant with the current XFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) Specification. The high performance uncooled 850nm Vcseltransmitter and high sensitivity PIN receiver provide superior performance for 10G Fibre Channel and Ethernet applications up to 300m optical links.

Specification:

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Case Operating Temperature	T_{oP}	0	+70	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5	+4.0	V

• Electrical Characteristics (Condition: $T_a=T_{OP}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note			
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13		3.45	V				
Supply Current	Icc			380	mA				
Module total power	P			1.5	W				
Transmitter									
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1			
Differential data input swing	Vin,pp	150		820	mV				
Transmit Disable Voltage	V_{D}	2.0		Vcc	V				

Hot Pluggable, Duplex LC, 850nm, VCSEL, Multimode, 300m

Transmit Enable Voltage	$V_{\rm EN}$	GND		GND+ 0.8	V			
Transmit Disable Assert Time	T_off			100	ms			
Tx Enable Assert Time	T_on			100	ms			
Receiver								
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300	500	850	mV			
Data output rise time	tr			35	ps	2		
Data output fall time	tf			35	ps	2		
LOS Fault	V _{LOS fault}	Vcc – 0.5		Vcc _{HOST}	V	3		
LOS Normal	V _{LOS norm}	GND		GND+0.5	V	3		
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	See Note 4 below				4		

Notes:

- 1. After internal AC coupling.
- 2.20 80%
- 3. Loss Of Signal is open collector to be pulled up with a 4.7k-10kohm resistor to 3.15-3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
- 4. Per Section 2.7.1. in the XFP MSA Specification.

Optical Characteristics (Condition: T_a=T_{OP})

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Ref.	
Transmitter							
Operating Date Rate	BR	9.95		11.3	Gb/s		
Bit Error Rate	BER			10-12			
Launch Power	Pout	-6		-1	dBm	1	
Optical Wavelength	λ	840	850	860	nm		
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB		
RMS Spectral Width	λ_{RMS}			0.45	nm		
Sidemode Supression ratio	SSRmin	30			dB		
Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf			35	ps		
Average Launch power of OFF Transmitter	P _{OFF}			-30	dBm		
Tx Jitter	Txj	Compliant with each standard requirements					
Optical Eye Mask		IEEE802.3ae				2	
Receiver							
Operating Date Rate	BR	9.95		11.3	Gb/s		
Receiver Sensitivity	Sen			-11.1	dBm	2	
Maximum Input Power	P _{MAX}	0			dBm	2	
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_{C}	780		860	nm		
Receiver Reflectance	Rrx			-12	dB		
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-12	dBm		
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis	LOS _H	0.5		5	dB		

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into MMF.

2. Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps BER<10⁻¹².

• Pin Assignment:

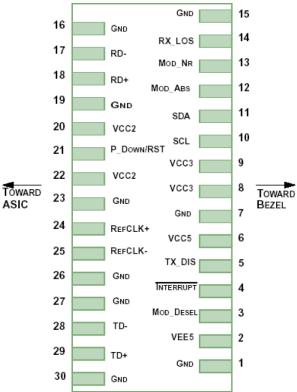


Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Name

Pin Description:

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description		
1		GND	Module Ground	1	
2		VEE5	Optional –5.2 Power Supply – Not required		
3	LVTTL-I	Mod-Desel	Module De-select; When held low allows the module to , respond to 2-wire serial interface commands		
4	LVTTL-O	Interrupt	Interrupt (bar); Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read over the serial 2-wire interface	2	
5	LVTTL-I	TX_DIS	Transmitter Disable; Transmitter laser source turned off		
6		VCC5	+5 Power Supply		
7		GND	Module Ground	1	
8		VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply		
9		VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply		
10	LVTTL-I	SCL	Serial 2-wire interface clock	2	
11	LVTTL- I/O	SDA	Serial 2-wire interface data line	2	
12	LVTTL-O	Mod_Abs	Module Absent; Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module.	2	
13	LVTTL-O	Mod_NR	Module Not Ready;	2	
14	LVTTL-O	RX_LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal indicator	2	
15		GND	Module Ground	1	
16		GND	Module Ground	1	
17	CML-O	RD-	Receiver inverted data output		

18	CML-O	RD+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required	
21 LVTTL-I		P_Down/RST	Power Down; When high, places the module in the low power stand-by mode and on the falling edge of P_Down initiates a module reset	
			Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle.	
22		VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	PECL-I	RefCLK+	Reference Clock non-inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	3
25	PECL-I	RefCLK-	Reference Clock inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	3
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27		GND	Module Ground	1
28	CML-I	TD-	Transmitter inverted data input	
29	CML-I	TD+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
30		GND	Module Ground	1

Note

- 1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
- 2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.
- 3. A Reference Clock input is not required.

Digital Diagnostic Functions:

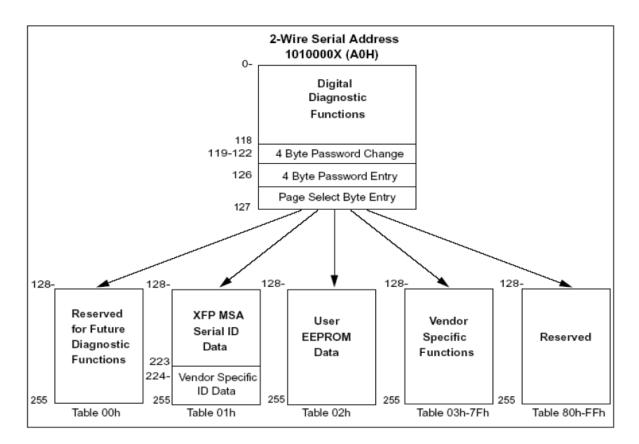
As defined by the XFP MSA 1, Kewei fiber's XFP transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

- ✓ Transceiver temperature
- ✓ Laser bias current
- ✓ Transmitted optical power
- ✓ Received optical power
- ✓ Transceiver supply voltage

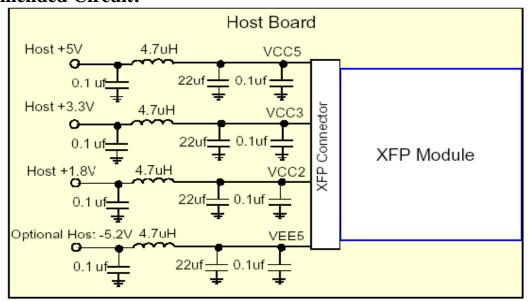
It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the XFP transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the XFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

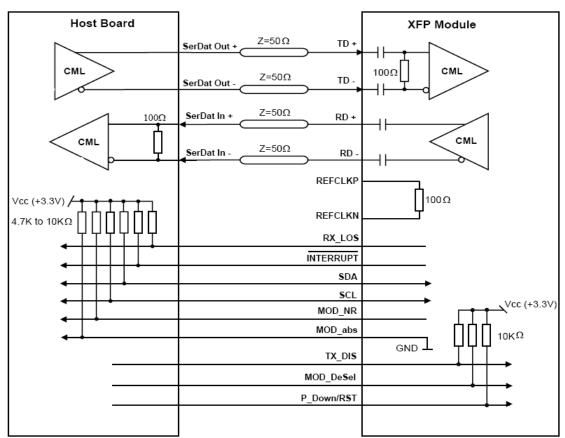
For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the XFP MSA Specification.



Recommended Circuit:

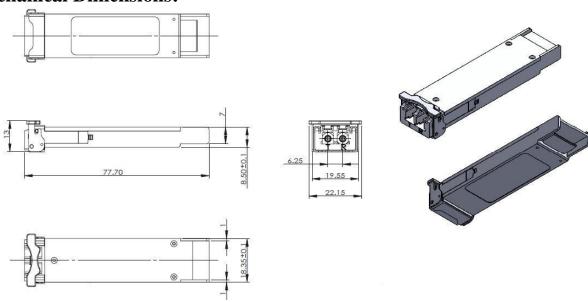


Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit



Recommended High-speed Interface Circuit

Mechanical Dimensions:



Kewei fiber reserves the right to make changes to the products or information contained herein without notice. No liability is assumed as a result of their use or application. No rights under any patent accompany the sale of any such products or information.

Published by Kunshan Kewei Fiber Communications Equipment Co.,Ltd

Copyright © KEWEI FIBER

All Rights Reserved